sanitation etc. In addition, a special primer has been developed in the State which focuses on women's Right and related laws and has chapters on Right of work for women, violence against women, law against dowry etc. The women who participated in Andolan were later organized into Self Help Groups.

(d) and (e) A project for eradicating residual illiteracy has been sanctioned in 12 low female literacy districts in the State to cover 7.01 lakh illiterate women in 15-35 age group.

Prevention of child marriage

1974. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA:
SHRI K.B. KRISHNA MURTHY:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are planning to bring a new Prevention of Child Marriage Bill, 2004;

(b) if so, whether Government are aware that a "Bal Adalat" was organized on the 18th October, 2005 where children from various parts of New Delhi voiced their concerns and opinions on the proposed Prevention of Child Marriage Bill, 2004;

(c) if so, whether Government have incorporated the views expressed by the Children, in 'Bal Adalat'; and

(d) if not, whether his Ministry is planning to take and incorporate their views in the proposed Bill before finalizing it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESORUCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) The Prevention of Child Marriage Bill 2004 has been introduced in Rajya Sabha on 20.12.2004.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d) The Bill has been prepared in consultation with all concerned and after considering all factors relating to child marriage.

Commission for appointments in Central Universities

1975. SHRIMATI PREMA CARIAPPA:
PROF. ALKA BALRAM KSHATRIYA:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to set up a Commission for appointment of lecturers to *ad-hoc* temporary/permanent posts in the colleges under the Central Universities;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor;

(d) whether Government are also aware of the existence of rampant nepotism in appointments to such posts, thereby leading to erosion in quality of teaching standards and obvious by passing of the meritorious candidates; and

(e) if so, the remedial steps taken/to be taken by Governments?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) No Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) to (e) The procedure for appointments to temporary/permanent posts of teachers in a Central University and the college(s), if any, thereunder is laid down in the Statutes of the concerned Central University in terms of which the appointments are made by the Executive Council of the University on the recommendations of a Selection Committee constituted in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Statutes. Further, the UGC's regulations prescribing, *inter-alia*, the minimum qualifications for appointment of teachers and other measures for the maintenance of standards are mandatory for all the Universities/Colleges. In view of the foregoing, while there is no scope for the existence of the alleged rampant nepotism in appointments to such posts, the complaints, if any, in this behalf, are looked into on merits.

Teaching staff of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

1976. SHRI MATILAL SARKAR: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of the teaching staff engaged in Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan in different States;

(b) the amount of salaries given to each member of the staff in different categories;

(c) whether it is a fact that these teachers are getting for less than the regular teachers though they have to work a lot; and

(d) the efforts Government are going to make to enhance their salaries and introduce other usual facilities?